

# Capacity building and expansion of AMR data volume in Bangladesh

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# AGENDA

**1** Background, Bangladesh AMR data volume and potential sources

**2** Data collection, quality control and capacity building

**3** CAPTURA's contribution to building a foundation for AMR surveillance

**4** National and regional level data sharing

**5** Initiatives of the Public and Private partnership and ongoing activities

# Background



- AMR is **one of the greatest threats to modern medicine**
- Bangladesh is one of the most vulnerable country in regard to AMR
- National AMR Containment Program working in this aspect since 2017

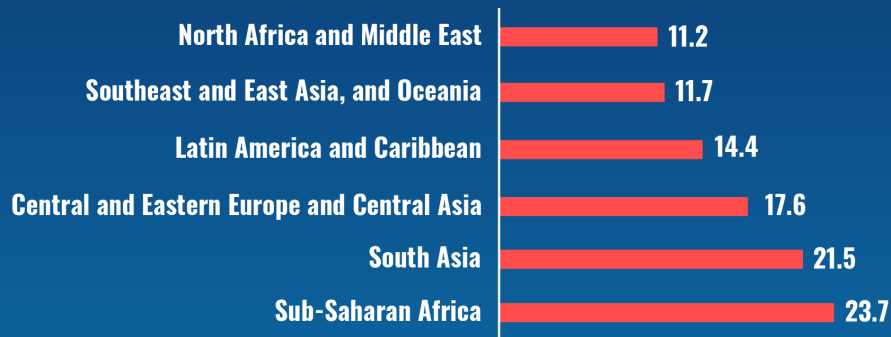
# Burden of AMR (present information)



AMR is now **threatening healthcare systems** worldwide



Deaths per 100,000 attributable to AMR



Global burden of bacterial antimicrobial resistance in 2019: a systematic analysis, *The Lancet*, Jan 2022

**#AMRSOS**

# Burden of AMR (present information)



#AMRSOS



In 2019, AMR cost  
**389,000 lives**  
in South Asia - 84,000  
of which were children  
under 5

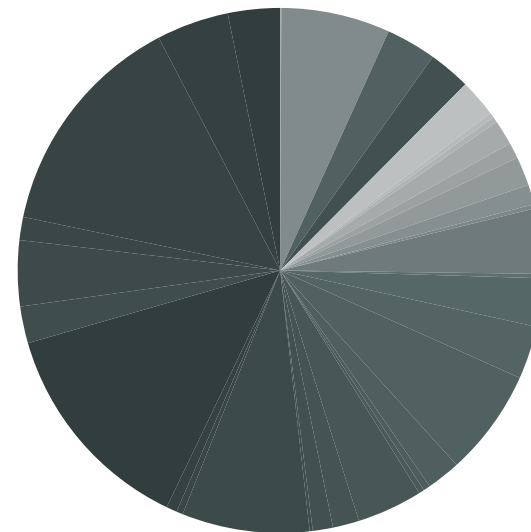
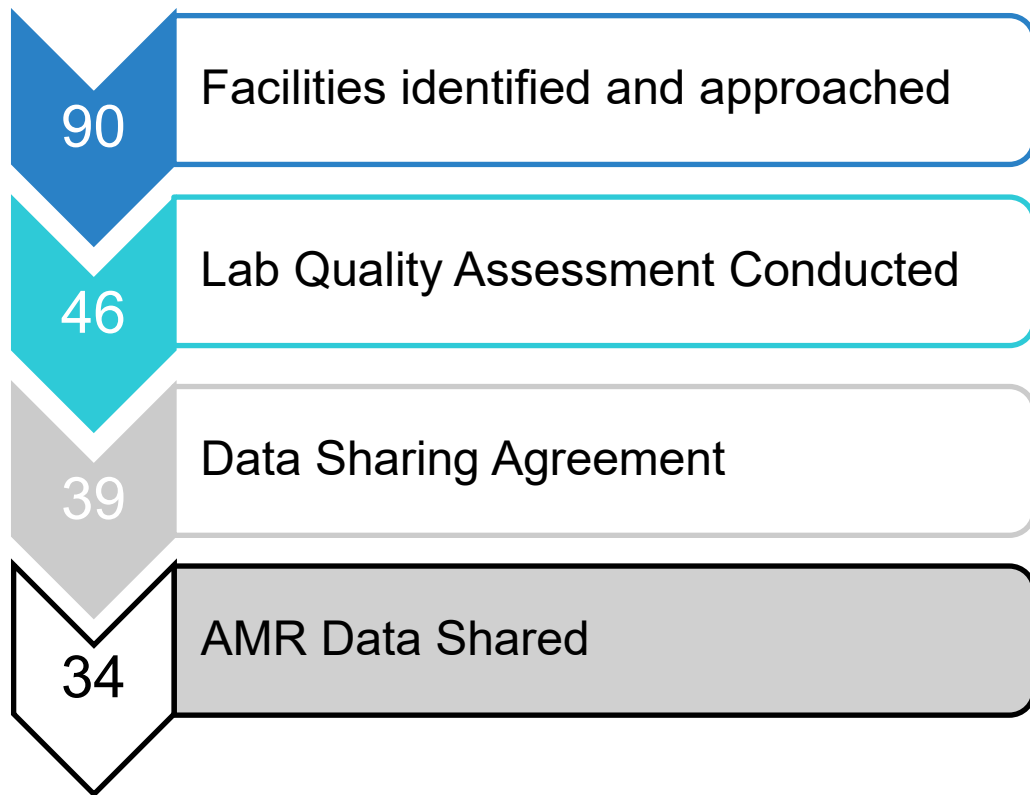
Global burden of bacterial antimicrobial resistance in 2019: a systematic analysis, *The Lancet*, Jan 2022

# National AMR Surveillance



- Run by Institute of Epidemiology Disease Control And Research (IEDCR)
- 9 surveillance sites
- Active surveillance
- Generated around 20 thousand AMR data in last 4 years

# AMR DATA VOLUME AFTER CAPTURE



Total AMR data volume:  
**10,40,166**

+

Data volume being shared by countries with CAP TURA



Quantity of data

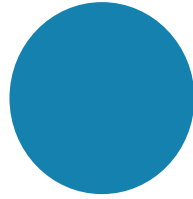
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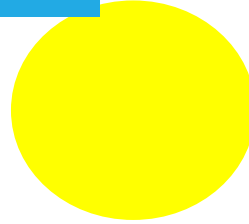
Vietnam



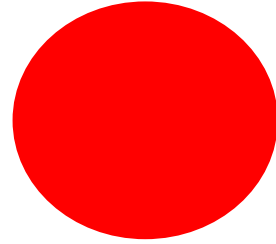
Pakistan



Sri Lanka



Nepal



Bangladesh



Laos



Myanmar



Indonesia



Bhutan



Timor-Leste



Papua New Guinea



# DATA COLLECTION AND QUALITY



- Collected data from 34 public and private facilities
- 10 public and 24 private facilities
- Quality ensured by double checked of the collected data and WHONET quality control Reports
- Laboratory assessment was done before selecting them

# CAPACITY BUILDING

## WHONET Training

No of Labs

No of participants

46\*

(Includes both Public and Private facilities)

160+

Continuous technical support



# CAPTURA CONTRIBUTION



1. Data generation
2. Capacity Building
3. Rapport between government and laboratories
4. Laboratory Information Management System status
5. Laboratory assessment

# DATA SHARING



1. All data from laboratories are their property
2. National Coordination Center for surveillance (CDC)
3. National level data sharing done
4. Regional level data sharing-ongoing

# FUTURE INITIATIVES



1. Prospective passive surveillance incorporating lab data from well performing private laboratories
1. Laboratory Quality assurance system involving national referral center for AMR surveillance
2. Strengthening of Laboratory Information Management System
3. Continue capacity development activities

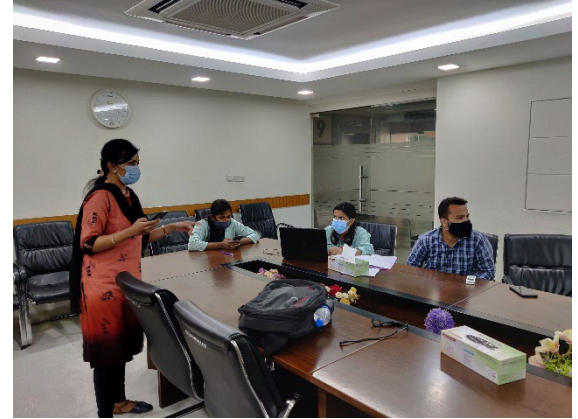
# WHONET Training



# WHONET Training ...



# WHONET Training ...





# CAPTURA Dissemination in Bangladesh



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# CAPTURA Dissemination in Bangladesh





Thank you